# Plumpton & East Chiltington Wildlife Group

## **Moth Trapping Report**

### **Summary**

Location:	Green Cross Cottage, South Garden (TQ3615)				
Date:	29/06/2025				
Trap(s):	Actinic Trap				
Recorders(s):	Chris Chapman				
Moth Count:	85				
Species Count:	34 New for Year: 5 New for Location: 3 Total new species for Location this Year: 39 Species Count for Year: 275 Species Total for Location: 496				
Non-species Count:	2				

#### **Full List**

**Common Carpet (Epirrhoe alternata)** 

Species	Count	Type	Sussex Status	Comment
Ash-bark Knot-horn (Euzophera pinguis)	1	Micro	Common (2,366)	
Beautiful Hook-tip (Laspeyria flexula)	1	Macro	Common (1,400)	
Black Arches (Lymantria monacha)	5	Macro	Common (2,431)	
Broad-barred Knot-horn (Acrobasis consociella)	1	Micro	Scarce (382)	Resident. Single-brooded, flying mainly from the second week of June to mid August. Larvae feed on oak. At least the 7th record in Plumpton & East Chiltington
Brown-tail (Euproctis chrysorrhoea) NFY	6	Macro	Common (2,775)	Resident. Probably generally distributed along the coastal strip, but only patchily found inland. Single-brooded, flying mainly from early July to mid August, sometimes to late August. Larvae feed on a wide variety of trees and bushes.  Only 6 records in Plumpton & East Chilting prior to 2025.
Buff-tip (Phalera bucephala)	1	Macro	Common (6,382)	Flying mainly from mid-May to mid-August, but also an partial second emergence in September/October. Larvae feed on elm, hornbeam, cherry, oak, sallows and willows, hazel, silver birch, sweet chestnut, alder and lime.
Clouded Border (Lomaspilis marginata)	3	Macro	Common (7,447)	A resident species which is often a common visitor to mv light. It is probably generally distributed. It is single-brooded, flying mainly from mid May to late August. Larval foodplants include sallow, grey willow, and sometimes aspen, hazel and birch.
Clouded Silver (Lomographa temerata)	2	Macro	Common (3,150)	Resident and occasional autumn immigrant. Single- brooded occurring mainly from early May to early August, occasionally from mid April or to mid August. Larvae feed on sloe and plum.

Common (3,159)

Species	Count	Туре	Sussex Status	Comment
Common Footman (Eilema Iurideola)	13	Macro	Common (7,336)	
Coronet (Craniophora ligustri)	2	Macro	Common (3,853)	Resident. Primarily single-brooded flying mainly from early May to mid-August. Larvae feed on ash
Dark Arches (Apamea monoglypha)	2	Macro	Abundant (16,028)	
Dotted Ermel (Ethmia dodecea)	1	Micro	Very Scarce (127)	
Double-striped Tabby (Hypsopygia glaucinalis) NFY	1	Micro	Common (1,386)	
Early Thorn (Selenia dentaria)	1	Macro	Common (4,439)	
Elder Pearl (Anania coronata)	1	Micro	Common (3,031)	
Elephant Hawk-moth (Deilephila elpenor)	4	Macro	Very Common (8,073)	Resident. Single brooded until recently, flying mainly from late May to mid-August. Larvae feed on garden godetia, fuscia, willowherb, bedstraw, bogbean and balsam.
Flame (Axylia putris)	1	Macro	Common (5,916)	
Garden Grass-veneer (Chrysoteuchia culmella)	5	Micro	Very Common (9,548)	
Knot Grass (Acronicta rumicis)	1	Macro	Common (5,038)	Resident. Double-brooded, flying mainly from mid- April to mid-June and from mid-July to mid- September. Larvae feed on bramble, sallow, unspecified low-growing plants including thistle, hop and poplar. An early record of the second brood?
Minor Shoulder-knot (Brachylomia viminalis)	1	Macro	Fairly Common (759)	Only 2 records prior to 2025 but already 2 for 2025. Only aware of records at Green Cross.
Noctua Janthina Complex (Noctua jantha/janthina)	1	Micro		
Oak Hook-tip (Watsonalla binaria)	3	Macro	Common (3,183)	
Poplar Grey (Subacronicta megacephala)	3	Macro	Common (2,510)	
Riband Wave (Idaea aversata)	2	Macro	Very Common (12,367)	
Rustic (Hoplodrina blanda)	1	Macro	Very Common (8,278)	
Scarce Footman (Eilema complana)	2	Macro	Common (4,703)	
Shoulder-striped Wainscot (Leucania comma)	1	Macro	Common (2,792)	
Shuttle-shaped Dart (Agrotis puta)	1	Macro	Very Common (10,390)	A common resident species and generally distributed. Double brooded, flying from mid May to mid June and again from late July to late September. An overlapping partial third emergence has become increasingly frequent in late autumn. Larvae feed on unspeci
Smoky Wainscot (Mythimna impura)	3	Macro	Very Common (9,838)	Resident. Mainly single-brooded flying from mid- June to mid-August. Larvae feed on various grasses including cock's-foot.
Thistle Ermine (Myelois circumvoluta) NFY NFG	1	Micro	Common (1,655)	
Uncertain (Hoplodrina octogenaria)	7	Macro	Very Common (10,639)	
Uncertain/Rustic (Hoplodrina octogenaria/blanda)	1	Macro		
Variegated Golden Tortrix (Archips xylosteana)	1	Micro	Common (1,497)	
White-backed Marble (Hedya salicella) NFY NFG	1	Micro	Very Scarce (124)	Resident. Single-brooded, flying mainly from the second week of June to late July. Larvae feed on willow, black poplar and sallow.  Not recorded in Plumpton & East Chiltington prior to 2025
Willow Beauty (Peribatodes rhomboidaria)	3	Macro	<b>Abundant (16,389)</b>	

### **Notes**

You can see more details of each species from the UK Moths website by clicking on the name of the species.

This doesn't apply to records at genus level or aggregates.

The Sussex Status is an **unofficial** indication of the likelihood of encountering the species in Sussex based on data sourced from the Sussex Moth Group website. The number in brackets is the minimum number of times the moth has been recorded in Sussex.

The species comments are primarily sourced from the excellent volumes of **A Revised History of the Butterflies** and **Moths of Sussex** by C R Pratt.

Produced by Chris Chapman (Plumpton & East Chiltington Wildlife Group)